Performance Summary for the periods ending May 31, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Current (%)</th>
<th>3M</th>
<th>YTD</th>
<th>FYTD</th>
<th>1YR</th>
<th>Si†</th>
<th>Inception Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Portfolio (Net of Fees)</strong></td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity</td>
<td>49.5</td>
<td>-1.6</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>-1.5</td>
<td>-2.5</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Income &amp; Cash</td>
<td>50.5</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comparative Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>3M</th>
<th>YTD</th>
<th>FYTD</th>
<th>1YR</th>
<th>Si†</th>
<th>Inception Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S&amp;P 500 Total Return Index</td>
<td>-0.7</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSCI AC World USD Net Index</td>
<td>-1.5</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>-0.8</td>
<td>-1.3</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>06/30/16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Global Macro and Market Theme**

The S&P 500 entered May at an all-time high but, just six days into the month, investors were tested by the announcement that the US would be moving ahead with tariff increases on imports from China. Sentiment deteriorated further when President Trump announced plans to impose escalating tariffs on all imports from Mexico, beginning at 5% on June 10 and increasing by 5% per month until reaching 25%, unless “Mexico substantially stops the illegal inflow of aliens.” All this uncertainty led to a sell-off in risk assets and a rally in government bonds.

After trade negotiations broke down, the US increased tariffs on $200 billion worth of Chinese imports from 10% to 25% and announced that it may impose a 25% tariff on the remaining $300 billion. This led to China retaliating by increasing the tariff range from 5-10% to 5-25% on $60 billion worth of US imports. Meanwhile in Europe, British Prime Minister Theresa May announced that she would step down after failing to secure parliament’s support for her Brexit deal. This turmoil contributed to stocks selling-off globally, with Emerging Markets, Europe and the S&P 500 closing the month down 7.3%, 5.5% and 6.4% respectively.

The yield on the 10-year Treasury fell sharply to 2.13%, marking the largest one-month yield decline since 2015. This led to another inversion of the yield curve (10-year minus 3-month) and the pricing-in of more than 3 Federal Reserve rate cuts by the end of 2020. Against this backdrop, US Aggregate bonds rallied 1.8%, outperforming both US High Yield (-1.2%) and US TIPS (+1.7%). Meanwhile, yields on German 10-year bunds fell to negative 0.2%, an all-time low, and USD-hedged Global Aggregate bonds returned 1.4%.

Hedge Funds posted - on average - negative results for the month, with the HFRI FoF Diversified down 0.6%. Relative Value managers fared the best (HFRI Relative Value, -0.2%) while Equity Long-Short strategies lagged (HFRI Equity Hedge, -2.4%). Finally, gold lost 0.7% and outperformed oil, which tumbled 14.2% on concerns about global demand.
Important Information
Calculation Methodology in this Report
From time to time, we make enhancements to the systems that generate this performance report. Updates that went into effect on December 8, 2017 may result in changes to performance data and other presentations in this report.

Performance
Past performance does not guarantee future results. You could get back less than you invest. Returns for periods greater than one year are annualized, and returns for periods less than one year are not annualized. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Performance reflects time-weighted rates of return.

"Gross of Fees" returns reflect fees paid by any funds in which the selected accounts invest (i.e., fees embedded in the valuation of underlying funds) and certain transaction costs. As well as those fees, Net of Fees returns reflect the advisory fees paid to J.P. Morgan for the services it provides in any investment management accounts and advisory accounts, and any additional product fees for investment vehicles in these accounts, based in each case on the total market value of managed assets in the account. Net of Fees returns might not include certain miscellaneous fees or expenses in any type of account. Net of Fees returns would be lower if they reflected all fees and expenses. Please see your account statement for all fees charged to your account.

Returns shown for asset classes and Excluded Assets do not reflect the deduction of any fees or expenses, other than embedded fund-level fees and certain transaction costs. These returns would be lower if they reflected all fees and expenses. If this report includes Excluded Assets, they are included in the Total Portfolio, and this section also shows the Total Portfolio less Excluded Assets.

The Inception Date is generally the last day of the month in which the account was opened or in which the index was established (except that, for indices established before the portfolio’s Inception Date, the Inception Date shown for the index is instead the portfolio’s Inception Date).

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To calculate the performance in this report, we may value an asset using one of our own pricing models or an external pricing service. Its resulting value could be based on, among other things, estimates and assumptions about relevant future market conditions, which are subject to change without notice. The values used for this report may differ from those in other documents, such as statements and performance reports, because of, e.g., updated pricing, late posted trades and income accruals.

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Investment strategies are selected by both J.P. Morgan and third-party asset managers and are subject to a review process by J.P. Morgan’s manager research teams. From this pool of strategies, J.P. Morgan’s portfolio construction teams select those strategies it believes fit its asset allocation goals and forward looking views in order to meet the portfolio’s investment objective.

As a general matter, we prefer J.P. Morgan managed strategies. We expect the proportion of J.P. Morgan managed strategies will be high (in fact, up to 100%) in strategies such as, for example, cash and high-quality fixed income, subject to applicable law and any account-specific considerations.

While internally managed strategies generally align well with J.P. Morgan’s forward looking views, and J.P. Morgan is familiar with the investment processes as well as the risk and compliance philosophy of the firm, it is important to note that J.P. Morgan receives more overall fees when internally managed strategies are included. J.P. Morgan offers the option of choosing to exclude J.P. Morgan managed strategies (other than cash and liquidity products) in certain portfolios.

Benchmark Indices
Indices are unmanaged. They do not reflect management fees, transaction costs or other expenses, and assume reinvestment of dividends and interest. An individual cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance of any index does not guarantee future results.

Your Benchmark is comprised of one or more indices. If index data is not available throughout a period, a return for that index and the Benchmark cannot be calculated for the period (n/a). If this report covers only accounts opened under a single Discretionary Portfolio Mandate, your Benchmark is based on the Strategic Asset Allocation in your Discretionary Portfolio Mandate. If this report covers only accounts forming part of a single Holistic Group, your Benchmark is the custom blended benchmark that you and your J.P. Morgan representative have agreed to show for informational purposes. It might not be a meaningful comparison to your Holistic Group returns. Your Holistic Group is not managed by J.P. Morgan as a collective group of accounts or with reference to your Benchmark, and we have
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**S&P 500 Index** is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks from a broad range of industries. The component stocks are weighted according to the total market value of their outstanding shares. The impact of a component's price change is proportional to the issue's total market value, which is the share price times the number of shares outstanding. "S&P 500" is a trademark of Standard and Poor's Corporation.

The **Bloomberg Barclays (BB) US Aggregate Bond Index** is a broad-based flagship benchmark that measures the investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM pass-throughs), ABS and CMBS (agency and nonagency).

**MSCI All Country World Index** is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global developed and emerging markets.

**Bloomberg Commodity Index**: A rolling commodities index composed of futures contracts on 20 physical commodities traded on U.S. exchanges. The index serves as a liquid and diversified benchmark for the commodities' asset class.

**HFRI Fund of Funds Diversified Index** is an equally-weighted, unmanaged index comprised of domestic and offshore hedge fund of funds. FOFs classified as “Diversified” exhibit one or more of the following characteristics: invests in a variety of strategies among multiple managers; historical annual return and/or a standard deviation generally similar to the HFRI Fund of Fund Composite index; demonstrates generally close performance and returns distribution correlation to the HFRI Fund of Fund Composite Index.

**Benchmark History**

From 06/30/2016 to Present: 4% Russell 2000 Index, 4% Russell MidCap Index, 44% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index, 2% Bloomberg Barclays US TIPS, 2% MSCI AC Asia ex Japan USD Net, 12% MSCI EAFE USD Net, 26% S&P 500 Total Return Index, 4% BofA ML High Yield Master II, 2% MSCI EM Gross USD BM

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